

Intimations.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

AERATED WATERS.

WATER.—The Water used is absolutely pure.

STEAM PLANT.—Of the latest and most powerful type.

SUPERVISION.—The whole process of manufacture is under the continuous supervision of a qualified English Chemist.

THE PRODUCT.—Will bear comparison with the Waters made by the most noted makers in England.

DAKIN, CRICKSHANK & Co., LD.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.

CHEMISTS BY APPOINTMENT.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED WATERS.

OUR NEW FACTORY has been recently refitted with automatic Steam Machinery of the latest and most approved kind, and we are well able to compete in quality with the best English makers.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the utmost care and cleanliness are exercised in the manufacture throughout.

"BOMBAY SODAS."

We continue to supply large bottles as heretofore, Free of Extra Charge, to those of our Customers who prefer to have them to the ordinary size.

COAST PORT ORDERS, whenever practicable, are despatched by first steamer leaving after receipt of order.

For **COAST PORTS,** Waters are packed as placed on board ship at Hongkong prices, and the full amount allowed for Packages and Empties when received in good condition. Counterfoil Order Books supplied free on application.

Our Registered Telegraphic Address is "DISPENSARY, HONGKONG." And all signed messages addressed thus will receive prompt attention.

The following is a List of Waters always kept ready in Stock:—

PURE AERATED WATER

SODA WATER

LEMONADE

POTASH WATER

SELTZER WATER

LITHIA WATER

SARSAPARILLA WATER

TONIC WATER

LEMON SQUASH

GINGER ALE

RASPBERRYADE

GINGERADE.

No Credit given for Bottles that look dirty or greasy, or that appear to have been used for any other purpose than that of containing Aerated Waters, as such Bottles are never used again.

A. S. WATSON & Co., LIMITED,
51, The Hongkong Dispensary, Hongkong.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

SUBSCRIBERS TO "THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" ARE MOST RESPECTFULLY REMINDED THAT ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE.

BIRTH.
At 24, Nanjing Road, Shanghai, on the 27th June, 1893, the wife of H. W. CAVE, of a son.

DEATH.
At Nagasaki, on the 24th June, JAMES PERKINS COX, a native of Kilbride, Ayrshire, Scotland, aged 37 years.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JULY 4, 1893.

TELEGRAMS.

THE "CAMPERDOWN."—"VICTORIA" COLLISION.

LONDON, 3rd July, 1893.

The collision between the two above-named war vessels is reported to have been caused by Vice-Admiral Tryon's orders leaving inadequate room to manoeuvre. If these had been executed every pair of ships engaged in the manoeuvres would have collided. Rear-Admiral Markham's official report quoted Vice-Admiral Tryon's signal, because ships only six cables apart obeyed only what he signalled enquiring what they were waiting for. Rear-Admiral Markham expressed himself confident of Vice-Admiral Tryon's ability to carry out the movement supporting his intended to circle round.

The second division executed the order. After the collision, boats were sent from all the ships to the assistance of the *Victoria*, but were stopped by a signal from Vice-Admiral Tryon, who was apparently under the impression that the water was not gaining on him. [After this what price the prohibition *De mortuis nil nisi bonum*.]

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The British gunboat *Firebrand* arrived at Shanghai from Hankow on June 29th.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Legislative Council will be held to-morrow, to congratulate the Duke of York and his bride.

The new German Minister to Peking, Herr von Schenck, Baron von Schwinsberg, left Shanghai on the 30th ult. for Tientsin in the *Tungchow*.

The report that Sir Robert Hart, Inspector-General of the Chinese Imperial Maritime Customs, will shortly visit South China, is gravely doubted in well-informed quarters.

The Russian tea steamer *Orin* passed up the Yangtze on the 10th ult. bound for Hankow, and the same company's boat *Kaituma* left the river on the same day, homeward-bound from Hankow.

A QUARTER-MASTER of H.M.S. *Essex* had to be left behind in the Shanghai General Hospital, where he died on the 30th ult., and the flag of the man-of-war in harbour was half-masted in consequence.

On duty in Tientsin that Mr. A. Michie, editor of the *Chinese Times*, an old China hand and a most able journalist, has been offered the post of special correspondent to the *London Times* in Cairo.

A DISASTROUS fire occurred on the 26th ult. at Hankow, destroying a large number of houses close behind the temple of the God of Medicine. A great deal of suffering among the poorest class of people resulted.

The Institute of Engineers and Shipbuilders of Hongkong was to have held a meeting last night for the adjourned discussion of Capt. G. C. Anderson's paper on "Coal" but as members did not turn up in sufficient numbers the debate was adjourned *sine die*.

ACCORDING to Japanese papers the Japanese steamer *Kashio* was chartered by the *Yokohama Specie Co.* to replace the *Mine Maru*, recently lost. The charter is stated to be for three months.

THE *N. C. Daily News* reports that the dealers in *Wanchow* tea have lost money on this season's trade, and that on the Dragon Festival (5th day, 5th moon) only about 50 per cent. of the accounts could be settled. The outlook is thus very unpromising.

THE *City of New York*, which arrived in Hongkong on the 27th ult., was paid decorated in honour of the "Glorious Fourth," as also was the *City of Rio de Janeiro*, while many other vessels in the harbour, and some of the Hong Kong ashore, flourished the "Stars and Stripes."

In the Supreme Court this afternoon the Police Judge, Mr. E. J. Ackroyd, gave judgment for the plaintiff for \$47, reversing the decision of costs, in the suit of Scheele and Co. against the *Marine Bank Co.* (through Mr. Hancocks, Liquidator) for failure to supply tools as per contract.

HIS EXCELLENCY Sir de Rorja was granted audience with the Emperor of Japan on the 22nd ultimo. It is expected that the Governor's mission will have a successful issue and that he will return to Fair Macao with an order that will balance the one recently given him by the King of Siam.

THE Board of War and the Admiralty Board, at the instance of the Viceroy of the Mien-shan and the Governor of Chekiang, have (according to the *N. C. Daily News*) decided to strengthen the defences of the Chusan Group, the entrances to the ports of Ningpo, Wenchow, and Hangchow, and the island of Pootung, with forts of European model, garrisoned from the battalions now in the island districts. Suppression of piracy is assigned as the reason, but probably there is something else in view.

In the House of Commons, on the 30th May, the Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs said in reply to a question querying whether the British Government still considered it was liable to be called upon to fulfil the terms of the Treaty of Perpetual Defence entered into between Great Britain and Achen on April 22nd 1819, and with reference to the war that has been waged on that country by Holland for the past 20 years:—"The latest reports do not indicate any prospect of a cessation of the chronic state of warfare which has, unfortunately, existed for so long. A recent Ordinance issued by the Netherlands Indian Government has, however, partially relaxed the blockade of the coast of Achen. It appears to have been held by the successive Governments at various times that the provisions of the Treaty of 1819 had not been unilaterally observed on either side and could no longer be said to be in force."

TO-DAY has been the Spring of our Content made glorious by the Summer dew of Fair America. The Stars and Stripes have been run up aloft and under their shadow peace and good-will to man have reigned supreme and every fellow who is a fellow has been made a wiser man by experiencing that sentiment alone can have the rough edges from our destinies. The world of 1893 had not been unilaterally observed on either side and could no longer be said to be in force. Unfortunately, each succeeding anniversary of this glorious day finds Hongkong more and more to leeward, but never before has the grim finger of misfortune had such a lion on its shoulder as to-day. Though to their credit be it said the ruling spirit of Hongkong's representative body has not forgotten the time-honoured custom of the Colony and have turned the tape on to the "face punch bowl." Quality and quantity have been equal and the traditions of ancient days have been worthily upheld. To old timers it was decidedly refreshing to witness the ever-green Sam turning on his patent care-defying smile, and with it the ladies; while the universally popular Mac stood to attention, full of sympathy and—just a wee bit thirty. Brother Tucker was in attendance too and his chiefest regret seemed to be that fate had denied him the privilege of being born to the soul inspiring air of Yankee Doodle. The "Only American," Thomas, was also to the front. On the whole, we do not think that the universe boasts a spot where the 4th was celebrated with more spirit (and spirit) than in the Crown Colony of Hongkong. Good old Fourth!

It is stated that the Tung-chi Yamen has approved of Sir Robert Hart's postal service scheme for China, with an office in every *ju* and *hsien*.

THE Peking authorities in charge of the festivities in connection with the 67th birthday of the Dowager Empress of China have notified their intention of borrowing a million taels from the Railway Construction Fund in 1904, to be repaid by grants of three millions instead of two in 1895 and 1896.

At the Magistrate's day, before Commr. Hastings, R. N., acting magistrate, a 14-year-old servant boy was sent to gaol for two months, with hard labour, and twelve strokes of the rattan, for snatching a purse with \$47 in Possession Street on the 29th ult. from a newly-returned Perak tin-mining coolie.

AN American sailor named Joseph Byrne, belonging to the U.S.S. *Marion*, was found dead in a lagoon at Hankow on the morning of June 25th, with his skull fractured and his body covered with bruises. It is suspected that the unfortunate man was murdered, and investigations are being made by Mr. Andrews, Consul for the United States.

THE British Minister to China, through Mr. N. J. Hannen, Consul-general at Shanghai, advertised in the Shanghai papers of the 20th ult., the following telegram received from the Viceroy of India:—"Indian Minis closed to free coinage of silver from 26th June. Indian Government will accept silver at rate of Rs. 15 on 100 taels." The telegram was received on the 26th.

THE new Formosa Mint on June 20th turned out for the first time a large quantity of 10-c and 20-c pieces as the supply from the Canton Mint is not sufficient to meet the wants of Formosa as well as Hongkong. The only difference between the Canton and Formosa coins is that the name of the Emperor Kwang-hai is omitted from the latter.

THE Mogul liner *Ghazee*, which left Wanchow on June 29th for Nikolai, had among her cargo two steamers in sections, to be put together and run on the Amur River under subsidy from the Russian Government. Eight other steamers are to come out shortly for the same service. The *Ghazee* also took up 331 native artisans to assist in putting the boats together.

FROM Shanghai comes a strange tale of a Korean who combined the two occupations of pugilist and flower-painter. Evidently he was a "daisy," and probably his print was mostly red. Anyhow he got drunk at Nanjing, and had a fight with an adjutant of the Viceroy Liu Kun YI. It is not recorded who carried off the belt; but the adjutant was dismissed and the Korean was deported to his native country.

THE following telegram was received in Singapore on the 26th ultimo:—Rangoon, 25th June. "Rough clearing up of Battery yielded 1,600 ounces of amalgam. Estimated quantity of stone crushed is 80 tons. Battery re-commenced crushing." The *Free Press* considers the result highly satisfactory and calculating the percentage of gold to amalgam to be the same as at last crushing, estimates that the yield should be worth £2,300.

MR. JOE J. FRANKS, Q.C., will be associated with Mr. J. F. Lowry in the case of the *Mikado* of Japan v. the P. & O. S.N. Co. to which the Japanese Government claims \$600,000 for the running down and sinking of the torpedo cruiser *Chikuma* by the mail steamer *Ramona* in the Indian Sea last year. It is expected that the trial will take place about the middle of August. The proceedings will be specially reported for the *Hongkong Telegraph*.

A TELEGRAM dated London, 3rd June, says:—Lord Dunraven's cutter yacht *Valkyrie* to-day castly the *Yacht Club* of the *Colona* and *Saturna* in the race from Southend to Harwich. The *Valkyrie* is the yacht that is going to America to compete for the "America" Cup. She finished 42 minutes 53 seconds after 4 o'clock; the *Saturna*, 10 minutes 5 seconds later; the *Colona*, 2 minutes 27 seconds behind the *Saturna*; the *Colona*, 4 minutes 45 seconds after the *Saturna*; and the *Yarra*, 18 minutes 5 seconds after the *Colona*. At the time the *Colona* was half an hour behind the *Valkyrie*.

At the Harbour Office to-day, Captain Ramsey held an inquiry into the circumstances attending a collision in the harbour on June 15th last, when the *Yan On* steam-launch rammed a junk which was at anchor alongside the steamship *Atch*. The evidence of the junk men showed that the launch did not stop nor try to render any assistance after the accident, though there were loud cries of "Save life!" but the *Yan On* was not in the launch and the launch was broken and the launch was unmanageable for the time, until he had got it in order again; and the *Yan On* was a great distance. Evidence in support of his statement was given by Mr. Jones, boarding officer, and the launch of the launch was consequently left off with a reprimand. No damage to life or limb resulted from the collision, and the injury to property was settled amicably.

WAITING under June 26th the *Amoy* correspondent of the *Shanghai Mercury* says:—Our tea season is now in full swing. The steamship *Glenloch*, which arrived here on the 21st and left again on the following day, took 1,300 tons of tea for New York, and a *Ping-tung*, which called in on the 24th and left the next day, took away over 500 tons of tea for the same place, via Suez Canal. The steamer *Aden* is expected to-morrow, also to load tea. The rice steamers from the southern ports are still arriving. The *Stark* arrived on the 25th and the German steamer *Malinda* from Saigon with full cargoes of rice; and several more steamers are expected. We are not often favoured by the visit of a British man-of-war, and when they do come it is only to make a call and be off again. After the *Mercury* had paid us a flying visit, the *Albatross* arrived from Pootung on the 24th instant, but will leave in a day or two for the south. The revenue cutter *Flamingo*, after her return from the Southern light-house left for the North on the 22nd. The German brig *Kristina* *Nielsen* arrived from Bangkok yesterday. She is the only sailing vessel at present in port. She left here for Bangkok on the 16th April last, so taking into consideration the bad time of the year, when light and variable winds are prevailing, she made a pretty fast voyage.

MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

A special meeting of shareholders in this company was held to-day at the *Chai Hing* Lau restaurant. Mr. Kwan Hoi Chuen, chairman of the company, presided, and there were about 120 shareholders present. The proceedings were conducted in the Chinese language.

Mr. H. L. Denny appeared and, in answer to a question put by Mr. Chai Chuen Ching (a director), he is attended on behalf of the directors—Wong Sing Tong, Lam Si Sang (present at the meeting), Yau Ching

Ping and Fan Hap (absent); also on behalf of the *Chau Chien Sing* Tong firm, holding shares in the company.

The Acting Secretary read the notice convening the meeting, and explained that it was called on the regulation of over forty large shareholders, for the election of a secretary and manager *vice* Mr. Woo Lin Yuen, deceased.

Mr. Denny objected that a special meeting could only be convened by the whole Board of Directors, whereas this notice was issued only by the Chairman, Mr. Kwan Hoi Chuen. The meeting was illegal altogether.

Mr. Fung Wa Chuen thought that whether the protest was of any weight or not, at least the large number of shareholders present could put on record an expression of their opinion. He moved that Mr. Denny's objection be overruled and the business of the meeting be proceeded with at once.

Considerable discussion followed with reference to the right of Mr. Denny to appear at all. The arguments appeared decidedly heated.

Ultimately Mr. Denny was allowed to remain, but his objection to the validity of the meeting was not entertained.

On proceeding to the business of the day, the election of a secretary and manager, some exceedingly lively debating ensued.

Mr. Fung Wa Chuen said that, as everybody knew well, the vacancy to be filled was caused by the deplorable death of Mr. Woo Lin Yuen, who had been the secretary and manager for many years as secretary and manager. It was commonly believed, however, that the late manager had been using the Company's funds in an unauthorized manner; too much liberty had been left to him, and although perhaps he did nothing wrong, yet there certainly had not been sufficient supervision. The late secretary was known to have had extensive private financial transactions—money-lending, share-dealing, the arguments appeared decidedly heated.

Mr. Denny pointed out that under the Articles of Association the directors were to be elected by the shareholders, and he was known to have been a director, and that he did not become insolvent or seriously embarrassed in their private affairs. As long as the directors were men of good financial standing, they might retain their seats on the Board for life. The Board itself must fill any vacancies caused by death, resignation, or bankruptcy; but the shareholders had no power under the Articles to remove any director, as was now proposed.

Mr. Kwan Hoi Chuen objected to any attempt to question the directors. One of the directors, Mr. Bao Hap, had been of immense assistance to the Company in Saigon, but had never been to Hongkong; it would be unfair, even if lawful, to expel him.

Mr. Ho Fuk spoke to the same effect. Mr. Fung Wa Chuen maintained that the Company had been carrying on business on a most unsecured and perhaps illegal basis, with a director who knew nothing of what went on, and who could not be responsible in any way. If the Articles of Association bound them to do so, then there was a pressing need to alter the Articles. The directors must be entirely reconstructed. (Applause.)

A great deal of excited controversy ensued, and ultimately, on the motion of Mr. Pun Wing Chuen, seconded by Mr. Chan Kit Shang, the chairman and vice-chairman of the Company (Messrs. Kwan Hoi Chuen and Chan Chuen Cheung) were unanimously re-elected.

On the motion of Mr. Fung Wa Chuen, seconded by Mr. Wu Sang Chai, the following were elected directors (all new):—Messrs. Tsiu Yu Tien, Chan Hui Tung, Leung Poi Chi, and Wong Sing Tong.

Mr. Kwan Hoi Chuen and Mr. Chu Yu Tien were appointed to examine the books of the Company and report to a future meeting.

Mr. Tsiu Kum Wing, who has been acting as secretary since the death of Mr. Woo Lin Yuen, was authorised to continue in that position until further notice, pending decision of various questions prior to any permanent appointment.

This concluded the proceedings; Mr. Denny at the close formally repeating his protest against the meeting itself, as being called by Mr. Kwan Hoi Chuen alone, instead of by the whole Board; and against the election of new directors, as being *ultra vires* in any case. These protest were duly recorded on the minutes, and it is possible that a Supreme Court case may result.

NEWS BY THE AMERICAN MAIL.

The Pacific Mail Co.'s steamship *City of New York*, Capt. F. H. Johnston, which left San Francisco with the American mails of June 8th, arrived in harbour this morning. For the subjoined telegrams we are indebted to our San Francisco exchanges:—

LONDON, June 1st. Advice from Corea states that placards have been posted throughout Seoul, the capital, warning foreigners that unless they leave the country before a certain date the Koreans will rise and kill them.

PARIS, June 1st. In the argument before the Behring Sea Tribunal of Arbitration to-day Sir Richard Webster continued his speech. He contended that Carter was badly mistaken in believing that the *Albatross* established that the Russian claims to exclusive jurisdiction over all of the Behring Sea included within a 100 mile limit was never abandoned, but recognized by Great Britain.

MONTE CARLO, June 1st. In the medical world, it is about to start, with the approval of the Pope and with credentials from the French Government, to visit the leprosy hospitals throughout the world in order to secure the general adoption of the most efficacious treatment.

It is officially announced that forty choleraic cases have occurred in the department of Morbihan since May 15th, of which twenty-three were fatal. Cholera has been stamped out in the departments of Finistere and Vendee.

WASHINGTON, June 1st. Secretary Gresham was officially notified to-day of the appointment of L. A. Thurston, late head of the annexation commission, to be Minister from Hawaii to the United States to succeed Dr. Hiett Smith. The Secretary has no official Hawaiian relative to events mentioned in the press dispatches from San Francisco.

The suit of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company against the United States, for which judgment was rendered in the Court of Claims for the plaintiff on the 28th of February last, for about \$68,000, was settled to-day, the steamship company accepting \$30,000.

The suit involved the treaty ratification of mail matter by that company to the Hawaiian Islands and the Australian colonies and has been pending for several years in various departments of the Government and the Court of Claims. This course was deemed far better by the company than to risk an appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States.

NEW YORK, June 1st. The *Herald's* correspondent at Montevideo telegraphs that the Uruguayan Government is

sending forward efficient troops to "line the entire frontier, with a view of preventing a re-ignition of fighting between their soldiers and those from Brazil. General Montes of the Brazilian army has died in Guayaron from wounds received in the fight near Bage with the revolutionists.

The Argentine customs officers are violating the neutrality agreement with Uruguay on the Parana and La Plata rivers. They are interfering with Uruguay's trade with Paraguay.

BAGDAD, June 1st. Cholera has broken out at some places on the river Tigris and at Basra. River traffic has been suspended.

ATHENS, June 1st. The excavators in Delphi have unearthed a colossal marble statue of Apollo, of the best antique school and in excellent condition, except that the nose is broken.

LONDON, June 2nd. The Foreign Office has issued a blue book which contains the correspondence concerning the agreement between Great Britain and Russia as to the protection of Russia's sealing interests in Behring sea. The original contention of Russia was that her cruisers should have the exclusive right to police the sea in question and convey British trespassers to Petropavlovsk, where the cases should be adjudicated.

Lord Rosebery declined to agree to such proposals, suggesting that British vessels caught trespassing be conveyed to Yokohama, where the cases should be adjudicated by the British Consul Court.

Eventually the powers agreed that trespassers should be delivered to a British cruiser or to the nearest British authority on land, Great Britain at the same time undertaking to bring them speedily to trial.

Among the contents of the book is the text of the agreement submitted to Privy Councillor Schickelmeier on May 12th last. It provides that during the year ending December 31st next British subjects be prohibited from killing or hunting seals within the following limits: First—Within ten marine miles following the annualities of the Russian coast which border on the Behring Sea and any other part of the North Pacific ocean. Second—Within a zone of thirty marine miles around Komandorsky Island, Roblin Island and Tulow.

British vessels searching in the said limit may be seized by either British or Russian cruisers; but if seized by the latter shall be handed over, as announced above. The Russian Government engages to limit to 30,000 the number of seals that may be killed in the whole year of 1893 upon and around the islands of Komandorsky and Tulow.

Schickelmeier, in accepting the agreement, said that it was with the distinct understanding that it leaves intact all the rights of Russia in her territorial waters, Roschky, in reply, said that it might be mutually understood that the rights and position of each power remain unaffected by this provisional agreement.

PARIS, June 2nd. Sir Richard Webster continued his argument to-day before the Behring sea tribunal of arbitration in behalf of the British case. He pointed out that the exclusion of the seals by Senator Sumner, who had charge in the United States of the measure for the acquisition of Alaska, from a description of Alaskan products, reflected that the value of the seals induced the United States to pay \$200,000 for Alaska. Sir Richard Webster quoted from debates in Congress on the purchase of Alaska to show that no importance was then attached to the seals or to exclusive jurisdiction obtained in Behring sea.

The Deputies have passed the electors bill, as amended as to exclude from the Chamber all salaried public officials and all clergy members. A gun exploded during the artillery practice in camp at Metz yesterday, injuring five gunners, two fatally, and killing a sergeant.

NEW YORK, June 2nd. A dispatch from Southampton states that the steamer *Normandie* is 6 days, 12 hours and 18 minutes. The *Normandie* went over the winter route, which is longer, and probably covered more miles than the *Forst Bismarck*, and may possibly have broken the race record held by her sister ship, of 6 days, 11 hours and 50 minutes.

ROME, June 2nd. The Italian Senate to-day, by a vote of 151 to 147, adopted the revision law, regarding which there has been for some time such serious controversy, and which had some influence in bringing about the recent crisis, the bill being strongly supported by the Government.

DUBLIN, June 2nd. Michael Davitt was examined to-day in the bankruptcy proceedings instituted because he was unable to pay the costs in the North Meath election contest, which resulted in his being unseated. Davitt stated that he objected to the project for a public description to help him out of his pecuniary difficulties. Among his assets was a debt of £400 due him by the Gaelic Athletic Association, the debt having been paid by Davitt to save the members of the association from arrest for non-payment of a hotel bill in Philadelphia.

The association promised Patrick Ford that they would repay the bill, but had failed to do so. Davitt declared having rushed into bankruptcy to hasten his return to Parliament.

The court decided that the Land League copy-righted *Bally Brack*, given as a national wedding present, when Davitt was married in 1887, with its contents, the property of Mrs. Davitt, and cannot be touched in bankruptcy proceedings.

ST. LOUIS, June 2nd. A fight between members of the *Knights of the Ku Klux Klan* and a Republican whose seat is being contested by a Democrat, made a speech yesterday in which he severely criticised Delegate Jim Cronin, leader of the First ward "Push." Cronin went to Kelly's seat this evening and assaulted him. A rough-and-tumble fight ensued.

MONTE CARLO, June 2nd. The session of the hour in political circles is the result that the Quebec Government has decided to sell or lease the *Jenita* craters throughout the province to a syndicate from Montreal and Quebec. A low estimate of the value of the whole property places it at more than \$1,000,000, while there is said to be due to it for arrears of rent nearly \$200,000. It is claimed that the Government is making a deal with some of its present friends.

There is excitement over the fact that the young Czechs have decided to withdraw from the Diet, and it is reported that if the present excitement and disorder continues a state of siege will be proclaimed by the Austrian authorities. A Czech newspaper was suppressed on accounts of its seditious tone.

BUDA PESTH, June 2nd. The railway strikers at Mohacs, Hungary, placed a dynamite bomb in a railway car to-day. The bomb exploded, killing one person and dangerously injuring two others.

LONDON, June 3rd. A vessel which arrived from Amsterdam, Holland, was detained at Gravesend last evening under suspicion that a case of sickness on board was cholera. The vessel was thoroughly fumigated and to-day released and allowed to proceed. The sick person was detained and isolated and now appears to be recovering.

A dispatch from Paris states that owing to the new law imposed on Bourse transactions, six unlicensed brokers and agents have given up

business and a number of others are about to retire.

Forman's hardy and sturdy son of houses adjacent were buried this morning. The loss is \$300,000.

ROME, June 3rd. There were patriotic celebrations on the anniversary of Garibaldi's death yesterday. His bust at the Capitol was wreathed with laurel and the family assembled at his grave on the island of Capri.

BERLIN, June 3rd. Baron von Saurma Jeltich, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary for Russia at the court of Stuttgart, Wurtemberg, has been appointed German Ambassador to Washington.

MADRID, June 3rd. The suggestion having been made that Spain should cede the Canary Islands to Great Britain in exchange for Gibraltar the Spanish newspapers concur in disapproving the proposition. The Madrid *Epoca* expresses the belief that Great Britain will ultimately cede Gibraltar to Spain if indemnified for the cost of the fortifications which Great Britain has constructed there.

LEONHARD, June 3rd. During the performance at the theatre this afternoon a boy fell from the second gallery, crushing his head. He died in a few minutes. The accident caused a panic and before the house was cleared many persons were knocked down and trampled upon. Several suffered from broken limbs and dozens were severely injured.

MOSCOW, June 3rd. Enormous forest fires along the railway from Pskov to Riga are due to the new species of wood fuel used in the engines. Twelve miles of forest lands are burning on one estate alone, and serious damage is done to other wooded estates.

Duke Frederick and the congress of military unions at Baden, pledging support to him as the military chief of the empire, in the following language: "Your resolution of self-sacrifice and loyal co-operation strengthens the confidence that where the safety of the empire is at stake the German people will, regardless of political differences, unite in a firm resolve to maintain what was won in a memorable time with the active co-operation of your royal highness."

LONDON, June 7th.
The court has made an order winding up the Standard Bank of Australia, which suspended April 15th. The authorized capital was £2,000,000 of which half had been subscribed and a quarter paid in. The court also granted orders for winding up the City of Melbourne Bank (limited) and the National Bank of Australia.

New York, June 7th.
The Rome correspondent of the *Catholic News* cabled to-day that the Pope has mailed an important pontifical document to the bishops of the United States. This document, two correspondents say, deals with the school question and upholds the opinion of the majority of the bishops of the United States.

It has been said that the majority of Catholic bishops of the country are opposed to the position taken by Archbishop Ireland on the school question. M. Nineteen Satelli, the apostolic delegate, it will be remembered, endorsed Archbishop Ireland's views.

Berlin, June 7th.
Ahlfward, the irrepressible, has once more been to the fore, and this time he has been talking no less a person than Prince Bismarck. It came about in this way: A meeting of the Association of Land-owners was held the other day at Buchen. Prince Bismarck is recognized as a leader of this party. Why Herr Ahlfward was there is inexplicable.

The Prince had been elected chairman by the association. He rose and made a speech, in which he told his audience that he was in power the grain duty would have been raised instead of done away with. The military bill, he said, was a failure. What was wanted was an increase of war strength, not of peace strength.

"We are all agreed," said the Prince, "that things can become no better in the Fatherland so long."

Ahlfward interrupted with "So long as the Jews drag their web over us."

Prince Bismarck (angrily): "You have not the floor of the house!"

Ahlfward (coolly): "But the Jews have the money. They take the house and home of the peasants. They are worse than the social Democrats; than—"

Bismarck (angrily): "I repeat, you have not the floor of the house!"

Ahlfward, without paying any attention to the admonition, began speaking again, till he was brusquely interrupted in his turn by Anti-Semite Liebermann, who remarked, caustically: "Ahlfward, don't speak. Your pieces of conviction were merely from newspapers which you picked up in drinking places."

Prince Bismarck: "If order is not resumed I shall resign the chair."

Herr von Himmelfarb was speaking, when Ahlfward again interrupted with something about "Jewish usury in my papers."

Bismarck: "If you don't stop about your papers I will have you put outside."

The meeting ended in one peasant throwing another out of the room, and Prince Bismarck left the chair amid a scene of the greatest confusion.

The date of the meeting of the Reichstag has been postponed till July 4th. There is a growing feeling in the Chancellor that the elections may not turn out so favorable to the Government as they expected. The session will, it is estimated, not last more than four weeks.

AUSTIN (Tex.), June 7th.
The great regatta which commenced here to-day brought together the world's greatest oarsmen. In its international character it is probably the greatest aquatic contest in the history of the world, and promises are good for fine racing for the four days it lasts.

All the morning trains were crowded and thousands of people gathered on the lake-side this afternoon to witness the opening races. When the oarsmen in their shells came around to the starting point for the first race a mighty shout went up and the interest was heightened.

The first two races were three-mile trials for a place in the big professional race for Friday when the prizes are \$1,000 for the winner, \$500 for the second, and \$200 for the third.

In the first race Hanlan was the favorite, though Teemer was backed well. Hosmer and Rogers only serving to give the field a little back one.

Hanlan finished four lengths ahead of Teemer, Rogers third, Hosmer last. Time, 20.05.

In the second race Stansbury was a little the favorite among the bettors, but the sympathy went for Gaudaur, and a good deal of money went with the sympathy.

Gaudaur was an easy winner, finishing six lengths ahead of Peterson, Stansbury third, Ten Eyck distanced. Time, 19.39.

FOOCHOW NOTES.

Foochow, July 1st.
Everything so far has gone in favour of the growing rice, and the crop is expected to be a good one.

The new District Magistrate, Ting, has lately arrived from Chekiang to relieve Chai, who has been promoted.

The weather during the last ten days, although perhaps not hotter than the average late days of June in Foochow, has been of late June.

It is reported by the pupils of the late Literary Chancellor Shing-Wong-ching to have a statue of him placed in the College Hall as a token of the esteem in which he was universally held.

At present the stocks of rice are not what they should be, and we understand that the Grain Commissioner has ordered a further supply from the North, which H. E. intends to let the poor have at a low price.

The famine in Shanai is the subject of a good deal of talk in the tea-houses in the city just now. What with a long drought first and then floods, the people of the provinces appear to be passing through very hard times, many deaths daily occurring from starvation. Some of the philanthropic Fookienese resident in Foochow are making appeals to the wealthy of the port to subscribe for the relief of the sufferers.—*Edna.*

SIAM NOTES.

Bangkok, June 20th.
The squall of Saturday night developed great violence at the Bar. It is reported that the *Gorgon* lies high and dry with an egg shell full of water under her keel.

A Siamese country by the steamship *Singapore*, on her trip before last to Singapore. He was wanted for "assisting the French" whatever that may mean.

A telegram has been forwarded to the Paris Legation by the Bangkok Court with the object of ascertaining whether Prince Servat would be

received in Paris as Envoy Extraordinary. We learn that no reply has as yet been received, and that the Prince is in readiness to leave at a moment's notice on receipt of a favourable reply.

M. Pavie's valuable map of Indo-China is now complete and corrected. It is a complete map of Cambodia, Annam, Siam, Tonkin and Southern China. It is very valuable at the present time as the map of the Mekong Valley has been prepared with much care. The cost in Paris is \$4—remarkably cheap considering the price of crude and inaccurate publications.

The following speeches are reported to have been delivered at a recent Siamese banquet:—

Commodore de Richelieu, on the part of the Europeans in the Siamese service, and more particularly on the part of his countrymen, in returning thanks addressed the King in the following terms:—

"I beg to thank your Majesty in the name of the European officials, and especially those of my countrymen and myself for the kind wishes expressed by your Majesty. We are well aware that a time of trouble is approaching your Majesty's kingdom, but we look forward to it with every confidence. Fully convinced of your Majesty's desire to foster peace and good will amongst all, and being aware of your Majesty's solicitude for all in your service, we earnestly trust that when the day of trial arrives the danger will be averted, and peace and order be again restored. Your Majesty will, I hope, be anxious to see that your servants, the Europeans, will prove their gratitude to your complete satisfaction, by meeting your wishes in every way."

In reply to the assurances of support expressed by those present the king briefly thanked them in the following very significant terms:—

"It has given me much pleasure to hear the encouraging words just spoken by Phya Jolayudh (Commodore de Richelieu), Krom Moom Damrong and Phya Apot Ron Rit (Quartermaster General). I now desire to inform you all, that if anything happens to our country I shall not have the least fear, nor will I tamely submit to the circumstances. I ask of you, one and all, to be confident, and feel assured we shall support each other, and defend our country to the utmost of our power and ability."

We noticed some few issues back that several enterprising gentlemen, with some claim to notoriety in Bangkok as elsewhere, were very anxious that their dear friends the Siamese should be well supplied with arms—"new rifles" were the words used. We are following the intrigues of these gentlemen with "absorbing interest"; but in the meantime would draw attention to another phase of the same question.

A local firm, well known and highly respected, has been approached by a few enterprising Europeans to buy up the "new rifles" in Germany. These excellent "new" pieces are the discarded arms of the German Army, but good enough for Siam for the disinterested foreigners, who business has broken down. The estimate appears to have been satisfactory, if the Siamese would only agree to take delivery at Singapore. This the Siamese refused to do, knowing that the Frenchmen in the Gulf might quietly appropriate the "new rifles." And now there is sorrow, weeping and gnashing of teeth among the dear friends of Siam. We intend to come down heavily, very soon, on several little games which are being played on the dear Siamese—and on their pockets.

The Siamese are said to have torpedoes ready to be placed in the fair way of the river, should matters come to the worst. Whether they will ever be able to recover them afterwards is a question which ought to interest the merchantmen.

The *Lutin* has assumed a more warlike appearance within the last few days. She has fitted out two "fighting tops" and the good people in the neighbourhood are wondering what she is going to smash first. It has been the custom for the native gentry to exchange compliments with the sailors, as they passed the *Lutin* in their house boats. These small courtesies have now ceased.

The British section of the traders of Bangkok are making every preparation to protect themselves and their property in the event of a rising amongst the turbulent masses, and with this end in view they are registering their property at H.B.M. Consulate, evidently with the notion of realising the value of any property which may be burnt or otherwise destroyed. They have also decided upon employing armed bands of Sikhs as a sort of safeguard against depredations.

A daring robbery was committed here yesterday at 10 a.m. A gang composed partly of Chinese and Siamese, entered the residence of M. Pestimall, residing at Klong San, and employed two Royal Royal Department, have associated the house. Mr. Pestimall was absent at his office, and his wife was at once seized and gagged. A knife was held to her throat, and she was threatened with death if she offered any resistance. The house was then cleared of every portable article, the marauders tying up their booty in the sheets of the bed, and leaving with all speed. Mr. Pestimall is severely injured, being covered with bruises and cuts from head to foot. Medical aid was called in, and the gang fled to the house. Mr. Pestimall, Acting Italian Consul, who has promised to write at once to the Siamese Authorities. A robbery of this description in broad daylight, is significant of the times, and calls for more than the usual procedure in such cases. If one such gang robbery can take place there is no reason why others should not be attempted, with even more serious consequences to Europeans than has happened in this particular case.—*Shanghai Mercury.*

CHEFOO.
(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
June 25th, 1893.

The weather here is delightful, and a stroll along the beach or around the hill in the evening is enjoyable. The hotels and boarding-houses are beginning to fill up, and soon, unless early application is made, there will not be a room to let.

A meeting has been held among the sporting men of Chefoo, and it has been decided to hold a race meeting in September, and several ponies have already been ordered from Newchawng and Flanigan.

Mr. P. Galender, proprietor of the Beach Hotel, has had the honour of being the recipient of a beautiful gold watch from the Emperor of Germany, for saving lives from the wreck of the German steamer *Maria*. I may also add that the late Mr. Ottoway of this port, and Mr. Vort, who is now at home, also had a watch each presented to them.—*Shanghai Mercury.*

SCOTT'S Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites is a combination of two most valuable remedies, to a palatable and easily digested form, having great healing and strengthening properties, most valuable in Consumption and wasting diseases. Read the following:—"I have found Scott's Emulsion of great benefit in the treatment of phthisical and scrofulous diseases. It is extremely palatable and does not upset the stomach—thus removing the great difficulty experienced in the administration of the plain oil."—D. E. KIRBY, L.R.C.S., Surgeon, St. Vincent's Hospital, Dublin. Any Chemist can supply it. A. S. Watson & Co. (Limited), agents in Hongkong and China.—*Edna.*

Advertisements.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOOCHEW. THE Company's Steamship

"HAITAN." Captain Goddard, will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 6th instant, at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LARPAIK & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 4th July, 1893. [765]

FOR SINGAPORE AND PENANG. THE Steamship

"PROTOS." Captain Johannsen, will be despatched for the above Ports on FRIDAY, the 7th instant, at 12.15 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to KING WO CHEONG, No. 32, Praya Central.

Hongkong, 4th July, 1893. [754]

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Steamship "CITY OF NEW YORK."

The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter signature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

J. S. VAN BUREN, Agent.

Hongkong, 4th July, 1893. [751]

BANK HOLIDAY.

IN accordance with Government Notification No. 251 of 27th June, 1893, the Undermentioned BANKS will be CLOSED for the Transaction of Public Business on THURSDAY, the 6th instant, the day appointed in this Colony for the Celebration of the MARRIAGE of His Royal Highness, THE DUKE OF YORK.

For the CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

T. H. WHITEHEAD, Manager, Hongkong.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.

For the COMPTON NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

L. GLENAT, Acting Agent.

For the BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED, HONGKONG.

S. L. DARBY, Acting Manager.

For the NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR, Chief Manager.

For the MERCHANTS' BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

JOHN THURBURN, Manager, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 4th July, 1893. [766]

FOR SALE.

TWO thoroughbred BULL TERRIERS. A splendid pair—Dog and Sisk. About six months old. Pedigree.

KENNEDY'S HORSE REPOSITORY.

Hongkong, 4th July, 1893. [767]

Intimations.

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.,

CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND CLOCK-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, AND OPTICIANS.

CHARTS AND BOOKS. NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Sole Agents for Louis Audemars' Watches awarded the Highest Prizes at every Exhibition; and for Volkmann and Sohn's CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES.

HARING, 21, A. S. WATSON & CO. (Limited), No. 8, Queen's Road Central. [794]

F. Blackhead & Co.,

SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS, and PROVISION MERCHANTS.

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SOLE AGENTS FOR

HARTMANN'S RAHTJEN'S GENUINE COMPOSITION for the

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DAIMLER INDUSTRIAL MOTORS.

TRAMWAYS, COACHES AND FIRE ENGINES.

LIFE-BUOYS, LIFE-RAPTS, LIFE-BELTS to Board of Trade Rules.

ENGINEERS' AND BLACKSMITHS' MACHINERY AND TOOLS.

EVERY KIND OF SHIP'S STORES AND REQUISITES ALWAYS IN STOCK

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

CARDIFF, AUSTRALIAN AND JAPAN COALS, supplied at the shortest notice to Steamers at lowest market rates.

Hongkong, 31st October, 1892. 100

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EX S.S. "GLENSHIEL." RAIN COATS & UMBRELLAS.

WATERPROOF BOOTS AND SHOES. TENNIS SHOES.

SEA BOOTS in all Sizes.

CARMICHAEL & CO., LTD.

14, Praya Central, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1893. [753]

SOUTHERN MOSQUITO CONES

The only remedy which has been found effectual in securing immunity from the attacks of Mosquitoes and other venomous insects.

By burning one of SOUTHERN'S MOSQUITO CONES in a Room before going to bed.

PERFECT REST & UNDISTURBED SLEEP ARE INSURED, as the fumes from the Cone drive away, stupify or kill all insect life, thus rendering Mosquito Curtains Quite Unnecessary.

These Cones are composed entirely of Aromatic Plants carefully selected for their insecticidal properties, and though destructive to insects, they are quite harmless to man and animals. The Cone is used by burning it over a candle, and hence they may be used to fumigate sick rooms, as the most delicate invalid can support the fragrance.

Manufactured Only in the Laboratories of Southall Bros. & Barclay, Birmingham, ENGLAND.

Sold in Boxes of 24 Cones by all Chemists and Storekeepers; and by A. S. WATSON & CO., Hong Kong, Shanghai, and Treaty Ports.

NOTICE.

LESSONS IN ENGLISH given to either FORMIERS or EURASIANS by Miss MOONEY at No. 22, Caine Road.

Terms on application. Hongkong, 10th June, 1893. [668]

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED or UN-FURNISHED ROOMS, with Board and Table Accommodation.

Apply to Mrs. MATHER, 2, Pedder's Hill.

Hongkong, 28th February, 1893. [36]

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

M. R. SIMON ABRAHAM LEVY has been admitted a PARTNER in our Firm in HONGKONG and SHANGHAI from 1st January, 1893.

E. D. SASSOON & Co.

Hongkong, 16th June, 1893. [703]

A. E. SKEELS & Co.,

Telegraphic Address "SOBRINOS," Hongkong. (A.B.C. Code 4th Edition.)

AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS & GENERAL MERCHANTS.

No. 17, PRAYA CENTRAL.

Under Messrs. Douglas Larpaik & Co.'s Offices.

MR. MESSRS. A. E. SKEELS & Co. undertake Sales Privately, or by Auction, of any class of Goods or Property. Prompt Settlements Guaranteed. Immediate Cash advances on Goods for Auction.

Cargoes received for Storage, Insurance effected. Hongkong, 28th April, 1893. [170]

Auctions.

AUCTION SALE

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE, IRON SAFE, PHOTOGRAPHIC CAMERA, &c., &c.

(For Sundry Accounts.)

AUCTION MARCH, 17, PRAYA CENTRAL, on THURSDAY next, the 6th July, 1893, at 2.30 P.M.

Comprising—A LARGE QUANTITY OF USEFUL HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE.

10 SINGLE AND DOUBLE BEDSTEADS, (BRASS RAIL, FRENCH and others) with SPRING MATTRESSES, 9 WARDROBES, DINING LOO and OCCASIONAL TABLES, CHEFFONIER and SIDEBOARDS, PIER and CHIMNEY GLASSES, CARPETS and RUGS and every description of HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES.

On view on Wednesday and Thursday A.M. Sale Terms—Cash on delivery.

A. E. SKEELS & Co., Auctioneers & Valuers.

Repository Sale Rooms, 17, Praya Central.

SATURDAY next, the 8th July, 1893.

AUCTION SALE

MISCELLANEOUS PROPERTY, AT 2.30 P.M.

See Expresses. Entries received up to Friday Noon.

Hongkong, 3rd July, 1893. [761]

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

THE following Particulars and Conditions of Sale of Crown Land, by Public Auction, to be held on the spot, on

MONDAY, the 10th day of July, 1893, at 4 P.M., are published for general information.

By Command, G. T. M. O'BRIEN, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Hongkong, 24th June, 1893. [759]

Particulars and Conditions of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on Monday, the 10th day of July, 1893, at 4 P.M., by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of Two Lots of CROWN LAND, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 Years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

Table with columns: No. of Lot, Locality, Boundary Measure, and other details.

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Intimations.

G. FALCONER & CO.,

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NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS.

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